

ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT RIDER DISCLOSURE

The benefits received under any accelerated death benefit rider may be taxable and may adversely affect your eligibility for Medicaid or other government benefits or entitlements. You should consult your personal tax advisor regarding the tax treatment of accelerated benefits. You should contact a qualified advisor or the applicable government agency (such as the local Medicaid office) for advice regarding eligibility for Medicaid or other government benefits or entitlements before requesting this benefit.

Accelerated benefits do not and are not intended to qualify as long-term care insurance. Benefit payments under an accelerated death benefit rider are intended to qualify for favorable tax treatment.

Disclosure for Term Life Insurance Policies

If you are applying for term life insurance, this disclosure is a brief description of the Accelerated Death Benefit Rider and the effects on your policy. This disclosure is not an insurance contract, but only a summary of the coverage provided by the riders. There is no premium charge for the riders.

Return of Premium:

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Terminal Illness Rider

While the rider is in force and if the Insured is diagnosed as having a Terminal Illness, you may make a one-time election to receive an accelerated death benefit equal to 92% of the policy's death benefit. A Terminal Illness is a medical condition that, within a reasonable degree of certainty, will result in the Insured's death within 24 months or less from the date on the statement of proof of Terminal Illness. A physician must sign and date the statement of proof of Terminal Illness.

Effect of the Accelerated Death Benefit on the Policy

When we pay the accelerated death benefit, the policy and all its riders will terminate.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Chronic Illness Rider

While the rider is in force and the Insured is diagnosed as having a Chronic Illness, you may make a one-time election to receive an accelerated death benefit.

A Chronic Illness means that within the last 12 months a physician has certified that for a continuous period of at least 90 days, the insured is: (a) unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another person) at least two activities of daily living; or (b) requires substantial supervision to protect himself or herself from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairments.

We will reduce the Chronic Illness benefit by an actuarial present value factor, future unpaid premiums, and a \$100 charge. The actuarial present value factor will be based on the life expectancy of the insured and the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate.

Effect of the Accelerated Death Benefit on the Policy

When we pay the accelerated death benefit, the policy and all its riders will terminate.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Critical Illness Rider

While the rider is in force and the Insured is diagnosed as having a Critical Illness, you may make a one-time election to receive an accelerated death benefit.

Critically Ill means that within the last 12 months a physician has certified that the insured has one or more of the following conditions: AIDS, Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS), Dementia, End Stage Renal Failure (Kidney Failure), Life Threatening (Invasive) Cancer,

Major Organ Failure, Myocardial Infarction (Heart Attack), Severe Burns, Stroke or Surgical Treatment of an Aortic Aneurysm.

We will reduce the Critical Illness benefit by an actuarial present value factor, future unpaid premiums, and a \$100 charge. The actuarial present value factor will be based on the life expectancy of the insured and the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate.

Effect of the Accelerated Death Benefit on the Policy

When we pay the accelerated death benefit, the policy and all its riders will terminate.

Non-Return of Premium:

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Terminal Illness Rider

If the insured is diagnosed as having a Terminal Illness while the policy is in force, you may make a one-time election to receive an accelerated death benefit up to 80% of the policy's death benefit. A Terminal Illness is a medical condition that, within a reasonable degree of medical certainty, will result in the insured's death within 12 months or less from the date a physician signs the statement of proof of Terminal Illness.

We will reduce the Terminal Illness benefit by the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate and a \$100 charge.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Chronic Illness Rider

If the insured is diagnosed as being Chronically Ill while the policy is in force, you may elect to receive an accelerated death benefit.

Chronically Ill means that within the last 12 months a physician has certified that for a continuous period of at least 90 days, the insured is: (a) unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another person) at least two activities of daily living; or (b) requires substantial supervision to protect himself or herself from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairments.

Each requested acceleration may not exceed the per diem allowance permitted by section 101(g)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code multiplied by the number of days in the current calendar year that the insured is expected to be Chronically Ill. The Internal Revenue Service announces the per diem limit for each calendar year.

We will reduce the Chronic Illness benefit by an actuarial present value factor, future unpaid premiums, and a \$100 charge. The actuarial present value factor will be based on the life expectancy of the insured and the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Critical Illness Rider

If the insured is diagnosed as being Critically Ill while the policy is in force, you may elect to receive an accelerated death benefit.

Critically Ill means that within the last 12 months a physician has



- continued on next page -

certified that the insured has one or more of the following conditions: AIDS, Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS), Dementia, End Stage Renal Failure (Kidney Failure), Life Threatening (Invasive) Cancer, Major Organ Failure, Myocardial Infarction (Heart Attack), Severe Burns, Stroke or Surgical Treatment of an Aortic Aneurysm.

We will reduce the Critical Illness benefit by an actuarial present value factor, future unpaid premiums, and a \$100 charge. The actuarial present value factor will be based on the life expectancy of the insured and the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate.

Requesting an Acceleration

You may elect to receive the Chronic Illness or Critical Illness benefit more than once, and there must be at least 12 months between acceleration requests. In contrast, you may elect to receive the Terminal Illness benefit only once. If you elect to receive the Terminal Illness benefit, the Chronic Illness and Critical Illness benefits are no longer available.

The requested acceleration cannot be less than \$5,000 under any rider. The maximum sum of all accelerated death benefit payments, for the policy to which this rider is attached, cannot exceed 80% of the policy's face amount as of the policy issue date. The issue date and face amount are shown on the policy data page.

Effect of the Accelerated Death Benefit on the Policy

When we pay the accelerated death benefit, the policy will continue with a reduced face amount and a reduced premium.

Disclosure for Universal Life Insurance Policies

If you are applying for universal life insurance benefits, this disclosure is a brief description of the Accelerated Death Benefit for Terminal Illness Rider, the Accelerated Death Benefit for Chronic Illness Rider, and their effects on your policy. This disclosure is not an insurance contract, but only a summary of the coverage provided by the riders. There is no premium or cost of insurance for these riders.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit For Terminal Illness Rider

If the insured is diagnosed as having a Terminal Illness while the policy is in force, you may make a one-time election to receive an accelerated death benefit. The sum of all requested accelerations under the Terminal Illness Rider and the Chronic Illness Rider may not exceed the lesser of \$1,000,000 or 80% of the specified amount as of the date of the first requested acceleration.

A Terminal Illness is a medical condition that, within a reasonable degree of medical certainty, will result in the insured's death within 12 months or less from the date a physician signs the statement of proof of terminal illness.

We will reduce the Terminal Illness benefit by an actuarial discount rate and a \$100 charge, and the pro-rated amount of any outstanding loans. The actuarial discount rate will not be greater than 6%.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Chronic Illness Rider

If the insured is diagnosed as being Chronically Ill while the policy is in force, you may elect to receive an accelerated death benefit.

Acknowledgment

I acknowledge receipt of this Disclosure Form



Applicant/Owner Signature

Date

I have provided this Disclosure Form to the Applicant



Producer Signature

Date

Chronically Ill means that within the last 12 months a physician has certified that for a continuous period of at least 90 days, the insured is: (a) unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another person) at least two activities of daily living; or (b) requires substantial supervision to protect himself or herself from threats and safety due to severe cognitive impairments.

The sum of all requested accelerations may not exceed the lesser of \$1,000,000 or 80% of the specified amount as of the date of the first requested acceleration. Each requested acceleration may not exceed the per diem allowance permitted by section 101(g)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code multiplied by the number of days in the current calendar year that the insured is expected to be Chronically Ill.

The Internal Revenue Service announces the per diem limit for each calendar year.

You may elect to receive the Chronic Illness benefit more than once, and there must be at least 12 months between acceleration requests. In contrast, you may elect to receive the Terminal Illness benefit only once. If you elect to receive the Terminal Illness benefit, the Chronic Illness benefit is no longer available.

We will reduce the Chronic Illness benefit by an actuarial discount rate multiplied by the insured's life expectancy in years, a \$100 charge, and the pro-rated amount of any outstanding loans.

Benefit Description - Accelerated Death Benefit for Critical Illness Rider (this rider is only available with Indexed Universal Life Express policies)

If the insured is diagnosed as being Critically Ill while the policy is in force, you may elect to receive an accelerated death benefit.

Critically Ill means that within the last 12 months a physician has certified that the insured has one or more of the following conditions: AIDS, Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS), Dementia, End Stage Renal Failure (Kidney Failure), Life Threatening (Invasive) Cancer, Major Organ Failure, Myocardial Infarction (Heart Attack), Severe Burns, Stroke or Surgical Treatment of an Aortic Aneurysm.

The minimum acceleration amount under this rider is \$5,000. The maximum sum of all accelerated death benefit payments cannot exceed 80% of the policy's face amount as of the policy issue date. You may elect to receive the Critical Illness benefit more than once, and there must be at least 12 months between acceleration requests.

We will reduce the Critical Illness benefit by an actuarial present value factor, future unpaid premiums, and a \$100 charge. The actuarial present value factor will be based on the life expectancy of the insured and the Accelerated Death Benefit Interest Rate.

Effect of the Accelerated Death Benefit on the Policy

When we pay any accelerated death benefit, the following will occur: (a) we will reduce the specified amount, accumulation value, and any loan by the same proportion as the death benefit; and (b) the monthly deduction and cost of insurance charge will be based on the reduced specified amount.

